

Biology 113 Closed Book Take-Home Exam #1 – Information

There is no time limit on this test, though I have tried to design one that you should be able to complete within 3 hours. There are 6 pages in this test, including this cover sheet and the data gallery. You are not allowed to look at someone else's test, nor use your notes, old tests, the internet, any books, nor are you allowed to discuss the test with anyone until all exams are turned in no later than **8:30 am on Monday Sept. 19**. If you turn in your exam late, you will lose a letter grade for each day you are late. The **answers to the questions must be typed in this Word file** unless you are asked to draw on a separate page, or you want to use scratch paper. If you do not write your answers in the appropriate location, I may not find them. Tell me where to look if you put your answer at the back of your test.

I have provided you with a “Data Gallery” in the form of figures and tables. To choose a figure in support of your answer, simply state Figure #x. Do not assume how many of the data images you will use, or not use. **Simply choosing the data is not sufficient support for your answer. You must explain the significance of the data and how they support your answer. *I have given you word limits so be concise.***

-3 pts if you do not follow this direction.

Please do not write or type your name on any page other than this cover page.

Staple all your pages (INCLUDING THE TEST PAGES) together when finished with the exam.

Name (please print):

Read the pledge and sign if you can do so with honor:

On my honor I have neither given nor received unauthorized information regarding this work, I have followed and will continue to observe all regulations regarding it, and I am unaware of any violation of the Honor Code by others.

How long did this exam take you to complete?

Lab blended with lecture Questions:

4 pts.

1) How did you generate sticky ends on the promoter DNA that you cloned using GGA? *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

6 pts.

2) In biology, it is important to know how to set up dilutions so that your research will work. If you boiled and cooled your oligos at a concentration of $7.5 \mu\text{M}$ but you need them to be 30 nM in GGA, how much of each reagent would you pipet into the GGA reaction tube?

oligos: _____

10X buffer: _____

water: _____

ligase: $1 \mu\text{L}$

BsaI: $1 \mu\text{L}$

Final volume: $10 \mu\text{L}$

Additional comments (maximum of 40 words):

Lecture Questions:

10 pts.

3) For this question, you will need to use two web tools from NCBI:

BLAST2

(https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Blast.cgi?PROGRAM=blastn&PAGE_TYPE=BlastSearch&BLAST_SPEC=&LINK_LOC=blasttab&LAST_PAGE=blastn&BLAST_INIT)

ORF finder

(<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/orffinder>)

You will also need to use the additional data file called wrinkled_smooth.docx. The data file contains an mRNA and a gene.

a) Tell me which sequence is the gene. Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

b) How many introns does the gene have? Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

c) Tell me the second amino acid and the last amino acid in the encoded protein. Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

15 pts.

4) Here are some more sequence-based questions

a) Translate this ORF using the single letter amino acid code in the data gallery:

UUUCUAGAUGGAAGAGACCUGGAUACUGGACUGCACAUCAUGAAUGAGA

translation here:

b) In the sequence below, the +1 base is under the number 1 and underlined. Label these seven aspects of a gene in the sequence below: start codon; start transcription site; -10 box; -35 box; 3' end; direction RNA polymerase would move; signal sequence coding region.

CACCCGGTACTGGGCAGAAAATATATGAGATTGATCCACTTTTGGCAAGCTCACCGTCAGCATCTTGATTT

+1

CCGTTATGGCTATATGATGAGAATTCGGGAGGAAATTGACAAATAAGAAGGTGGTCTTGATGCATTTTCG

CGTGGGTACGAAAAGTTTGGCTTCACACGCAGTGCTACAGGCATTACTTACAGGGAGTGGGCACCTGGAG

15 pts.

5) There is a some irony and a pun in the fact that a celibate monk is the “father” of genetics. Please answer these not so funny, but interesting, questions.

a) What two very important aspects of meiosis that contribute to the random nature of genetic crosses did Mendel discover when he conducted his dihybrid crosses? Name these two and provide the evidence Mendel used to reach his insights into meiosis. *Answer Limit: 35 words for each one.*

- 1.
- 2.

b) Which one phase of meiosis generates the greatest amount of unpredictable diversity in progeny? Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

16 pts.

6) Here are some genetics problems I would like you to answer. Show your work if you want to be eligible for partial credit.

a) A man and a woman want to have children but they are concerned about what might happen. The man has an upside down nose with nostrils pointed up, a rare recessive trait, and he risks drowning every time it rains. The woman is a carrier for upside down nose. What is the probability that their first pregnancy will produce a boy at risk of drowning in the rain?

b) If the same couple already has a boy who is at risk of drowning in the rain, what is the probability of the second pregnancy being a girl who is not at risk, given the trait is not sex-linked?

c) The most common form of muscular dystrophy is a sex linked disease. A husband does not have muscular dystrophy but the woman is a carrier. What is the probability of them producing a girl with muscular dystrophy?

d) What is the probability that the couple in question c could have 4 boys from 4 different pregnancies, all of whom have muscular dystrophy?

15 pts.

7) Today, there is no question that DNA is the heritable material, but this was not always the case.

a) In no more than six steps, outline the experimental design that best disproved protein was the heritable material. *Answer Limit: 20 words per step.*

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.
- 6.

b) On a separate piece of paper, draw a picture that illustrates what it means when people say that DNA replication is semiconservative. Label neatly.

c) Choose exactly two time points from any experiment shown in the data gallery that led to the discovery of semiconservative DNA replication. Explain why the precise data you chose led to this conclusion. *Answer Limit: 40 words.*

9 pts.

8) You have been working with a promoter in Bio113 lab. Answer these questions about promoters.

a) Do transcription factors and RNA polymerase all bind in a row to adjacent DNA with no extra DNA bases between them? Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

b) On a separate piece of paper, draw a picture that illustrates the approximate size comparison of a nucleotide and RNA polymerase. Label neatly.

c) How does a transcription factor “know” where it should bind within a gene? Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 40 words.*

10 pts.

9) DNA is one of the most famous TLA (three letter acronym). But most people do not know what you know about DNA.

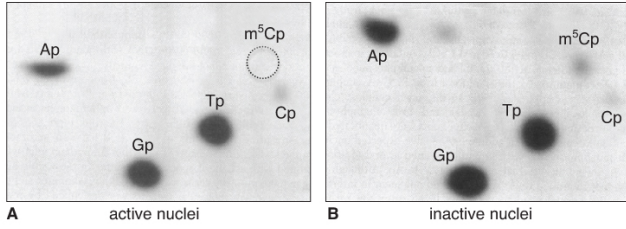
a) What is sometimes referred to as the 5th DNA base? Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

b) Explain how this 5th base can affect gene activity. Support your answer with data. *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

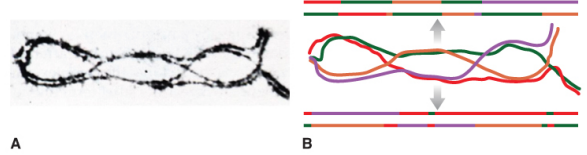
c) In order to use an epigenetic modifier to treat a human disease, what major improvement would be needed compared to the experiment shown in Figure 25? *Answer Limit: 30 words.*

Data Gallery

1



2



4

sample source	extracellular	intracellular
³⁵ S-Protein Figure 1.8	~80%	~20%
³² P-DNA Figure 1.8	~30%	~70%
³⁵ S-Protein refined experiment	~99%	~1%
³² P-DNA refined experiment	~30%	~70%

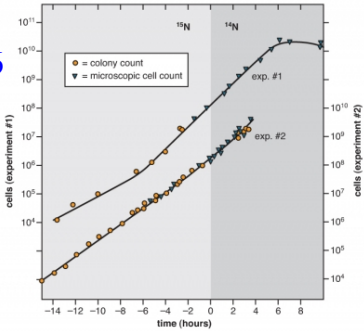


3

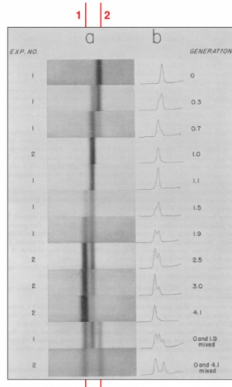
promoter length	doubling time	drug resistant
29 bp	no growth	none
78 bp	5 hours	none
113 bp	5 hours	none
155 bp	3 hours	yes
320 bp	3 hours	yes

5

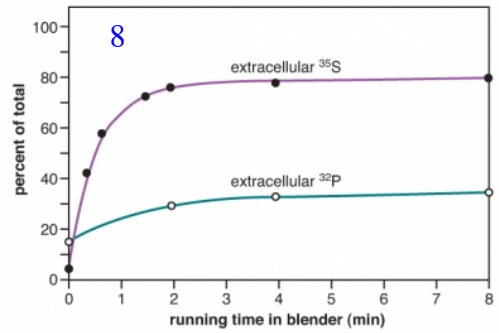
6



7



8



9

sample source	extracellular	intracellular
³⁵ S-Protein Figure 1.8	~80%	~20%
³² P-DNA Figure 1.8	~30%	~70%
³⁵ S-Protein refined experiment	~99%	~1%
³² P-DNA refined experiment	~30%	~70%

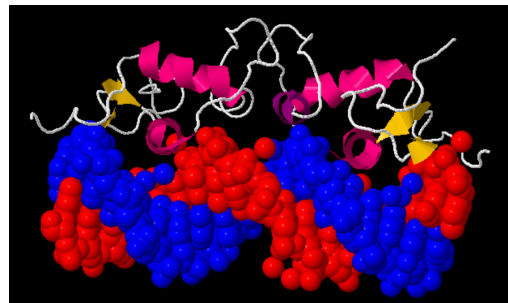
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C	-6.64	-6.64	-0.37	-6.64	-6.64	-6.64	-6.64
G	-0.37	-6.64	-6.64	1.18	-0.37	-6.64	1.92
T	1.57	-6.64	1.57	-6.64	-0.72	1.84	-6.64

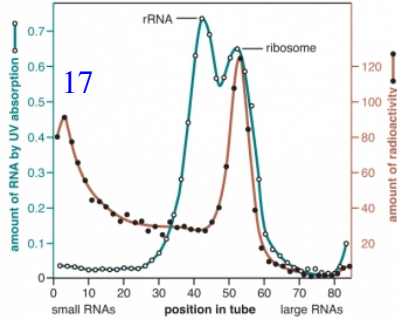
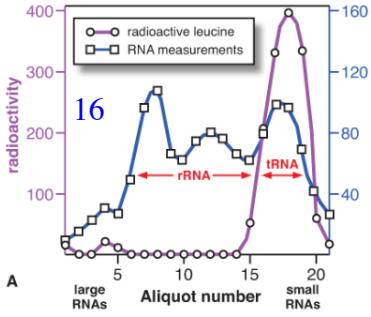
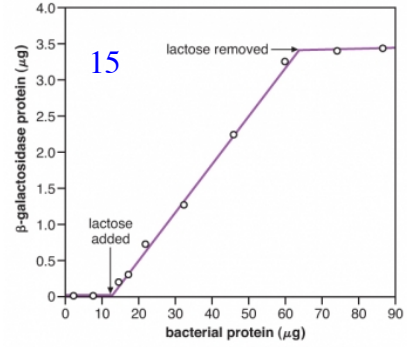
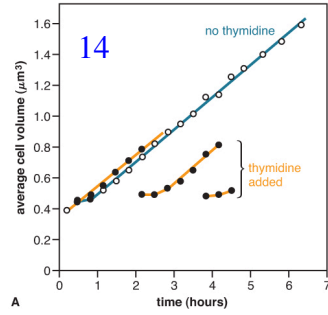
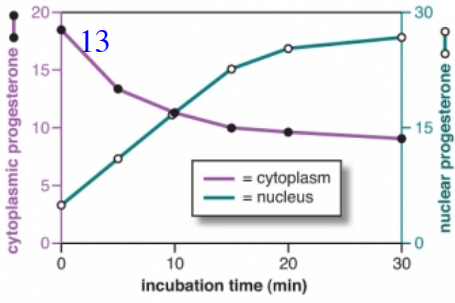
11

plant number	smooth pea	wrinkled pea	plant number	yellow pea	green pea
1	45	12	1	25	11
2	27	8	2	32	7
3	24	7	3	14	5
4	19	10	4	70	27
5	32	11	5	24	13
6	26	6	6	20	6
7	88	24	7	32	13
8	22	10	8	44	9
9	28	6	9	50	14
10	25	7	10	44	18
totals	336	101	totals	355	123

12



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18

second base in codon

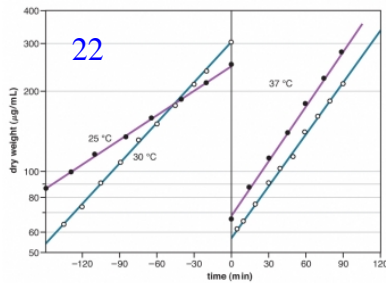
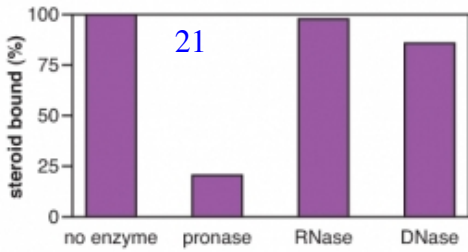
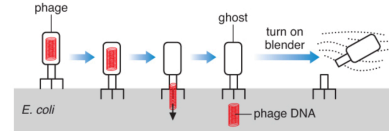
	U	C	A	G
U	UUU phe F UUC phe F UUA leu L UUG leu L	UCU ser S UCC ser S UCA ser S UCG ser S	UAU tyr Y UAC tyr Y UAA stop UAG stop	UGU cys C UGC cys C UGA stop UGG trp W
C	CUU leu L CUC leu L CUA leu L CUG leu L	CCU pro P CCC pro P CCA pro P CCG pro P	CAU his H CAC his H CAA gln Q CAG gln Q	CGU arg R CGC arg R CGA arg R CGG arg R
A	AUU ile I AUC ile I AUA ile I AUG met M	ACU thr T ACC thr T ACA thr T ACG thr T	AAU asn N AAC asn N AAA lys K AAG lys K	AGU ser S AGC ser S AGA arg R AGG arg R
G	GUU val V GUC val V GUA val V GUG val V	GCU ala A GCC ala A GCA ala A GCG ala A	GAU asp D GAC asp D GAA glu E GAG glu E	GGU gly G GGC gly G GGA gly G GGG gly G

first base in codon

19

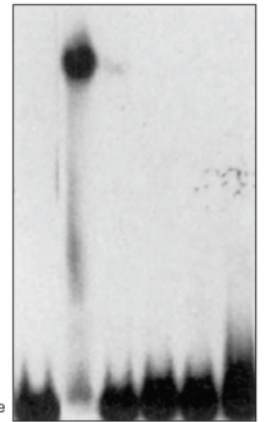
V-T7 5'...TAAACACGGTACGATGTACCACATGAAACGACAGTGAGTC...3'
 V-fd 5'...GCTTCTGACTATAATAGACAGGGTAAAGACCTGATTTTTG...3'
 V-SV40 5'...ATTGCAGCTTATAATGTTACAAATAAAGCAATAGCA...3'
 V-1 5'...ACTGGCGGTGATAGTACGACATCAGCAGGACGCACTGAC...3'
 B-tRNA 5'...GTCATTTGATATGATGCGCCCCCTTCCCGATAAGGAGC...3'
 B-Lac 5'...TCCGGCTCGTATGTTGTGTGGATTGTGAGCGGATAACAA...3'

20

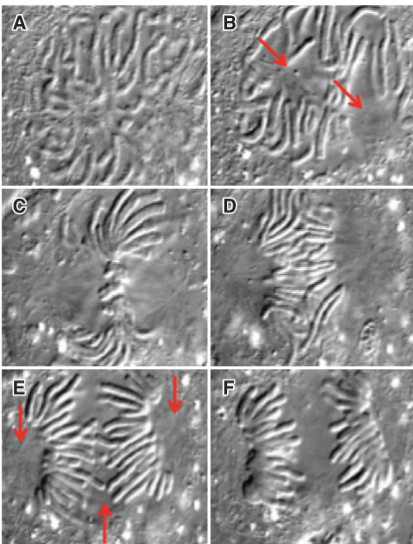


TBP	+		+	+	+
TFIIB	+	+		+	+
PAR 74	+	+	+		+
RNA pol	+	+	+	+	

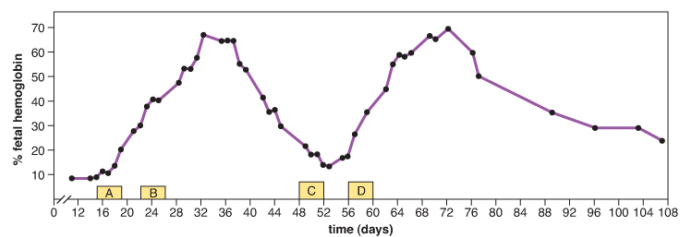
23



24



25



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>Sequence_1

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>Sequence_2

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GCCAATGAGCTGTCAGTTGAAGAAGCTGAATCAGAGCCAATGAGCGGTGAGTTGAAGAAGTTGAATCA
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AGGCGGAGCCCTTGTGTTAACTTAATCTTTAGTGGCGCAGCAAACCAAGTTGAAGTGTGTTGATCCCAT
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TCTCCTTTCAGAAATTAAGTTGAGTCAATAGCAATAGGGCCGTGCTGATGAAATAATGTTTTGTACAG
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AAAAAGGAATTC